



## Important MCQs for History Competitive Exams Part 21

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Q. The Mansabdari System introduced by Akbar was borrowed from the system followed in:

- (a) Afghanistan
- (b) Turkey
- (c) Mongolia
- (d) Persia

Answer: C

Q. What is common among Madam Bikini Came, M. Barkatulla, V.V.S. Ayer and M.N. Roy?

- (a) All of them were leading members of the international communist movement.
- (b) M. Barkatulla was the Prime Minister and the rest were ministers in the Provisional Government of Free India established by a group of revolution arise at Kabul.
- (c) All of them were among the prominent revolutionaries outside India operating in different countries during the freedom movement.
- (d) All of them were accused in the case relating to the throwing of a bomb on Lord Harding

Answer: C

Q. Which of the following international events influenced the course of the national movement in India before the ad-vent of Mahatma Gadding?

1. Italian- Abyssinian War, 1898
2. Boxer Movement in China
3. Revolutionary Movement in Ireland
4. Victory of Japan in the Russo- Japanese War

Choose the answer from the codes below:

- (a) 1, 2 & 3 only
- (b) 1, 2 & 4 only
- (c) 3 & 4 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3, & 4

Answer: D

Q. The earliest evidence of silver in India is found in the:

- (a) Harappan culture
- (b) Chalcolithic cultures of western India
- (c) Vedic texts
- (d) Silver punch – marked coins

Answer: A

Q. Who among the following was the leader of a number of anti- British revolts in Sambalpur?

- (a) Utica Singh
- (b) Surrendra Say
- (c) Kattabomman
- (d) Slayed Ahmad Bareli

Answer: B

Q. Which one of the following is a language of Baluchistan but linguistically Dravidian?

- (a) Brahe
- (b) Kol
- (c) Paris
- (d) Pen go

Answer: A

Q. Which one of the following is the most fundamental difference between Mahayana Buddhism and Hinayanism Buddhism?

- (a) Emphasis on 'ahimsa'
- (b) Casteless society
- (c) Worship of gods and goddesses
- (d) Worship of 'stupa'

Answer: C

Q. The statue of Gomanteswara at Savana Bagola was built by:

- (a) Chandragupta

- (b) Kharavela Maura
- (c) Amoghavarsha
- (d) Chamundaraya

Answer: D

Q. 'Live well, as long as you live. Live well even by borrowing, for, once cremated, there is no return, this rejection of after- life is an aphorism of the:

- (a) KapaliRas Sec
- (b) Sunyavada Nagarjuna
- (c) Ajivikas
- (d) Charkas

Answer: D

Q. Those, who joined Mahatma Gandhi during the Champ ran struggle included:

- (a) Vallabhbhai Patel and Vinoba Behave
- (b) Jawaharlal Nehru and Narendra Prasad
- (c) Narendra Prasad and Angara Narayan Sinha
- (d) Mahadeva Desai and Maiden Patel

Answer: C

Q. Which one of the following usages was a post- Vedic development?

- (a) Dharma – Ratha – Kama- Moksha
- (b) Brahman – Kshatriya – Vishay – Sutra
- (c) Brahmcharya – Grihastashram – Vaneprestha – Sanaa
- (d) Indra – Surya – Radar – Marot

Answer: A

Q. The capital of the kingdom of Maharaja Ramjet Singh was:

- (a) Amritsar
- (b) Patiala
- (c) Lahore
- (d) Kapurthala

Answer: C

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