

## Competitive Exams: History MCQs (Practice-Test 107 of 130)

1. Who among the following were considered constitutionalists within the Indian National Congress?

- a. Jawaharlal Nehru & J B Kripalani
- b. Sarojini Naidu & Annie Besant
- c. Subash Chandra Bose & Maulana Azad
- d. Satyamurthy & K M Munishi

Answer: d

2. 'There has been no revolt like that which has happened in the last 3 years. We are proud of the response of the movement' The above opinion of Vallabh Bhai Patel refers to

- a. Swadeshi Movement
- b. Non-Cooperation Movement
- c. Civil Disobedience Movement
- d. Quit India Movement

Answer: d

3. Consider the following statements concerned with the Indian National Army:

- a. Indian National Army was formed outside the Indian territory
- b. Indian National Army was formed by inducting the Indian prisoners of war
- c. Women formed a part of the Indian National Army Which one of the following alternative is correct?
  - i. 1 and 2 are correct
  - ii. 2 and 3 are correct
  - iii. 1 and 3 are correct
  - iv. 1, 2 and 3 are correct

Answer: d

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4. Which one of the following is the correct chronological order of the given events?

- a. August offer-Cripps Mission-Simla Conference-Cabinet Mission Plan
- b. Simla Conference-Cabinet Mission Plan-August offer-Cripps Mission
- c. August offer-Cabinet Mission Plan-Simla Conference-Cripps Mission
- d. Simla Conference-Cripps Mission-August offer-Cabinet Mission Plan

Answer: a

5. The British Prime Minister Atlee announced in the house of Common the 'definite intention' of the British Government to affect the transfer of power to responsible Indian hands by a date not later than

- a. August 1947
- b. June 1947
- c. January 1948
- d. June 1948

Answer: d

6. Consider the following statements about the Wavell plan of 1945:

- a. The executive council could nominate members from amongst the nationalist leaders.
- b. The executive council could have equal number of Hindu and Muslim representatives.
- c. The veto power of the governor General was to be abolished.
- d. The subject of foreign affairs was to be transferred from the Governor General to an Indian Member of the council.

Which one of the following alternative is correct?

- a. 1, 2 and 4 are correct
- b. 1, 2 and 3 are correct
- c. 2 and 3 are correct
- d. 1 and 4 are correct

Answer: a

7. Who among the following was not a member of Andhra Mahasabha that was organized in early twentieth century to demand a separate linguistic state for the Telugu-speaking people?

- a. Konda Vengatappayya
- b. M Krishna Rao
- c. Pattabhi Sitaramayya
- d. T Prakasam

Answer: b

8. Who among the following was not associated with the Kakori Conspiracy Case?

- a. Roshanlal
- b. Chandra Shekar Azad
- c. Ashfaqullah
- d. Surya Sen

Answer: d

9. • **Assertion (A):** Megasthenes said that there was no slavery in India at that time of his visit.

• **Reason (R):** Megasthenes could not distinguish slaves from their masters who treated them kindly

- a. Both A and R are individually true and R is the correct Expansion of A
- b. Both A and R are individually true and R is not a correct Expansion of A
- c. A is true but R is false
- d. A is false but R is true

Answer: a

10. • **Assertion (A):** Social reforms was considered a necessary precondition for the introduction and spread of English education in India.

• **Reason (R):** India witnessed a spate of social reforms in the early decades of the nineteenth century

- a. Both A and R are individually true and R is the correct Expansion of A

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- b. Both A and R are individually true and R is not a correct Explanation of A
- c. A is true but R is false
- d. A is false but R is true

Answer: c

11. • **Assertion (A):** The market regulations introduced by Sultan Allauddin Khalji died instantaneously with his death.
- **Reason (R):** The market regulations were implemented with the use of brute force
- a. Both A and R are individually true and R is the correct Explanation of A
  - b. Both A and R are individually true and R is not a correct Explanation of A
  - c. A is true but R is false
  - d. A is false but R is true

Answer: a

12. • **Assertion (A):** Akbar abolished 'jaziya' in 1564, but reimposed it subsequently.
- **Reason (R):** As a young man he was quite liberal and tolerant but became a fanatic and reactionary as he came of age.
- a. Both A and R are individually true and R is the correct Explanation of A
  - b. Both A and R are individually true and R is not a correct Explanation of A
  - c. A is true but R is false
  - d. A is false but R is true

Answer: d

13. • **Assertion (A):** The Mughal administrative structure faced the Jagridari crisis during the closing years of Aurangzeb's region.
- **Reason (R):** There were limited number of 'Jagris' but unlimited number of Mansabdars who were aspiring for Jagris
- a. Both A and R are individually true and R is the correct Explanation of A
  - b. Both A and R are individually true and R is not a correct Explanation of A
  - c. A is true but R is false

d. A is false but R is true

Answer: a

14. • **Assertion (A):** The age of Guptas is described as the golden age of Indian history

• **Reason (R):** The Guptas issued a large number of gold coins

a. Both A and R are individually true and R is the correct Explanation of A

b. Both A and R are individually true and R is not a correct Explanation of A

c. A is true but R is false

d. A is false but R is true

Answer: b

15. • **Assertion (A):** The sabha and samiti, the two political bodies of the rig vedic Aryans began to lose their strength during the time of the Mahajanpadas.

• **Reason (R):** These tribal assemblies could not fit into the organizational framework of the large territorial states

a. Both A and R are individually true and R is the correct Explanation of A

b. Both A and R are individually true and R is not a correct Explanation of A

c. A is true but R is false

d. A is false but R is true

Answer: a