

## Examrace

# Competitive Exams: Political Science MCQs (Practice\_Test 30 of 150)

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1. ◦ **Assertion (A):** The growth of the new functions of the State has made much of Dicey's analysis of the rule of law irrelevant.
  - **Reason (R):** The growth of delegated powers has made the administrative departments considerably immune from the control or criticism of the court of law.
    - a. Both A and R are individually true and R is the correct explanation of A
    - b. Both A and R are individually true but R is not the correct explanation of A
    - c. A is true but R is false
    - d. A is false but R is true
2. ◦ **Assertion (A):** The concept of political equality results in majoritarianism which is unfair though practical.
  - **Reason (R):** Human beings are neither socially nor economically equal.
    - a. Both A and R are individually true and R is the correct explanation of A
    - b. Both A and R are individually true but R is not the correct explanation of A
    - c. A is true but R is false
    - d. A is false but R is true
3. ◦ **Assertion (A):** The original plan in the Draft Constitution concerning Governors was to have elected Governors. This was replaced by the method of appointment of the Governors by the President.
  - **Reason (R):** The method of appointment of the state executive by the Federal executive is in consonance with the federal system as it obtains in the USA and Australia.
    - a. Both A and R are individually true and R is the correct explanation of A
    - b. Both A and R are individually true but R is not the correct explanation of A
    - c. A is true but R is false
    - d. A is false but R is true

4. ◦ **Assertion (A):** Article 1 of the Constitution of India describes India as Union of States rather than a federal State.
- **Reason (R):** Indian federation is not the result of an agreement by the units; and the component units have no freedom to secede from it.
- Both A and R are individually true and R is the correct explanation of A
  - Both A and R are individually true but R is not the correct explanation of A
  - A is true but R is false
  - A is false but R is true
5. Dual federalism implies that.
- National and State Governments retain separate spheres of action
  - National and State Governments are interdependent
  - National and State Governments are expected to collaborate in pursuit of the interest of the public
  - National and State Governments have the same function
6. According to Weber, the modern bureaucracy is based on which of the following basis of authority?
- Charismatic
  - Traditional
  - Legal-rational
  - Popular
7. According to Herbert Morrisom, Bureaucracy is the
- Price of dictatorship
  - Price of parliamentary democracy
  - Price of federalism
8. Which one of the following is the main function of the Central vigilance commission of India?
- To keep watch on the investigating agencies in the country
  - To expedite the disposal of criminal cases pending in the courts
  - To scrutinize the utilization of developmental funds sanctioned by the Government
  - To inquire or cause an inquiry of alleged offence of a public servant

9. Match List I (Leaders) with List II (Movements) and select the correct answer using the codes given below the Lists:

List-I	List-II
A. S A Dabge	1. Peasant movement
B. A K Gopalan	2. Working class movement
C. Charu Mazumdar	3. Armed revolution
D. Godavari Parulekar	4. Tribal movement

**A B C D**

- a. 3 1 2 4
- b. 2 4 3 1
- c. 3 4 2 1
- d. 2 1 3 4
10. Which one of the following social movements is driven more by identity concerns rather than the ideological concerns?
- a. Narmada movement
- b. Farmers movement in Karnataka against the MNC
- c. Sub-caste reservation movements among the Scheduled Castes
- d. Anti-liquor shop campaign in Andhra

Pradesh

11. Match List I (Movements) with List II (Issues) and select the correct answer using the codes given below the Lists:

List-I	List-II
A. Panthers	1. Agrarian relations
B. Chipko	2. Environmental
C. Jharkhand	3. Exploitation and discrimination

D. Tebhaga

4. Statehood

**A B C D**

a. 4 2 3 1

b. 3 1 4 2

c. 4 1 3 2

d. 3 2 4 1

12. In the eyes of a radical feminist, gender equality can be achieved through
- Gradual reform
  - Getting more women elected in legislatures
  - Challenging patriarchy
  - Class struggle
13. Which one of the following is the most important advantage provided by the two-party system vis-a-vis multi party system?
- Discipline in the party can be imposed
  - Political activities become more transparent before the media
  - The system gives a stable government
  - Election expenditure incurred by the parties in the elections gets reduced
14. Which one of the following is not a peasant movement
- Kheda Movement
  - Tabligh movement
  - Telangana movement
  - Tebhaga movement
15. Which one of the following nongovernmental organizations is exclusively involved in human rights advocacy?
- Oxfam
  - Ford foundation

c. Amnesty International

d. Caritas

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