

Examrace

Competitive Exams: Political Science MCQs (Practice_Test 5 of 150)

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1. In the process of modifications of Marxism after Man, "Socialism in one country" Vs. "Permanent Revolution" was the crux of the controversy between
 - a. Bakunin and Engels
 - b. Engels and Lenin
 - c. Lenin and Stalin
 - d. Stalin and Trotsky
2. Who among the following pairs of thinkers are regarded as the founders of Scientific Socialism?
 - a. Charles Fourier and Saint Simon
 - b. Sidney Webb and Beatrice Webb
 - c. Marx and Engles
 - d. R H Tawney and William Ebenstein
3. Consider the following political theorists:
 - a. Bernstein
 - b. Tawney
 - c. Starchey
 - d. Crossland

Amount them, those who defined democratic socialism as their ideology and saw themselves as revising Marxism included

- a. 1 2 and 3
 - b. 2, 3 and 4
 - c. 1 and 4
 - d. 2 and 3
4. Fascism views the states as

- a. A necessary evil
 - b. A product and manifestation of the irreconcilability of class antagonism
 - c. An absolute power over the individuals
 - d. A union of families and villages, having for its end, perfect and self sufficing life
5. "War is to man what maternity is to women" according to
- a. Mussolini
 - b. Napoleon
 - c. Mattemick
 - d. Bismarck
6. The myth of racial superiority is an outstanding feature of
- a. Dictatorship
 - b. Fascism
 - c. Nazism
 - d. Totalitarianism
7. Everything within the state: Nothing outside the state, nothing above the state. This tenet has been propounded by
- a. Socialism
 - b. Communism
 - c. Liberalism
 - d. Totalitarianism
8. In the statement, in its attitude towards the State X is a half w house between Syndicalism and Collectivism. X stands for
- a. Democratic socialism
 - b. Fabian socialism
 - c. Guild socialism
 - d. Liberalism
9. Match List I (Name) with List II (Political Philosophy) and Select the correct answer:

List-I	List-II

A. Herbert Spencer	1. Guild Socialism
B. H J Laski	2. Individualism
C. G D H Cole	3. Anarchism
D. T H Green	4. Pluralism
	5. Idealism

A B C D

a. 2 1 5 4

b. 2 4 1 5

c. 3 2 4 1

d. 1 2 3 5

o. For explaining which one of the following phenomena, does one normally use Centre-Periphery, framework of reference?

a. Under-representation

b. Loose-federation

c. Delegation of authority

d. Underdevelopment

11. Consider the following characteristics:

a. Authoritarian hierarchy

b. Overlapping hierarchy

c. Heterogeneity

d. Formalism

Which of these are the main characteristics of governments in transitional societies?

a. 1, 2 and 3

b. 1, 3 and 4

c. 1, 2 and 4

d. 2, 3 and 4

12. The Khilafat question was raised because the Indian Muslims

- a. Wanted a separate homeland for themselves
- b. Were critical of the Rowlatt act
- c. Were indignant over the terms of the treaty of Sevres, 1921
- d. Were dissatisfied with the government of India act, 1919

13. Match List I (Movement) with List II (Year) and select the correct answer:

List-I	List-II
A. Bardoli Satyagraha	1. 1946
B. Moplah Rebellion	2. 1917
C. Tebhaga Movement	3. 1928
D. Champaran Movement	4. 1921

A B C D

- a. 4 3 1 2
- b. 3 4 2 1
- c. 4 3 2 1
- d. 3 4 1 2

14. Which one of the following did not form part of the communal Award (Macdonald) announced by the British Government?

- a. Recognition of the depressed classes as a minority community and giving them right to vote in the general constituencies
- b. Conceding weight age to the Muslims in provinces in which they were in minority
- c. Providing separate electorates for Indian Christians and Anglo-Indians
- d. Reservation of curtains seats for the

Muslims

15. Consider the following events:

- a. Pitt's India Act
- b. Diwani Rights of the East India Company
- c. Regulating Act
- d. Appointment of Warren Hastings as Governor of Bengal

The correct chronological sequence of these events is

- a. 2, 4, 1, 3
- b. 4, 2, 3, 1
- c. 2, 4, 3, 1
- d. 4, 2, 1, 3

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