

Examrace

Competitive Exams: Political Science MCQs (Practice_Test 51 of 150)

Get unlimited access to the best preparation resource for UGC : [fully solved questions with step-by-step explanation](#)- practice your way to success.

1. Match List I with List 2 and select the correct answer from the codes given below the lists

List-I	List-II
<p>A. India</p> <p>B. Nepal</p> <p>C. Erstwhile USS. R.</p> <p>D. Iran</p>	<p>1. Totalitarianism</p> <p>2. Democracy</p> <p>3. Theocracy</p> <p>4. Monarchy</p> <p>5. Fascism</p>

A B C D

- a. 1 2 3 4
- b. 4 5 3 1
- c. 2 4 1 3
- d. 5 4 3 1

2. Match List! with List 2 and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists

List-I (Author)	List-II (Book)
<p>A. Montesquieu</p> <p>B. A. V. Dicey</p> <p>C. J. s. Mill</p> <p>D. Alexander Hal Milton</p>	<p>1. The law of the Constitution</p> <p>2. The Spirit of the laws</p> <p>3. The Federalist</p> <p>4. Representative Government</p>

A B C D

a. 3 4 1 4

b. 1 2 3 4

c. 2 1 4 3

d. 4 3 1 2

3. To develop partnership between the state and the local government which of the following measure should be adopted?

- a. The local government should not be given autonomy.
- b. The state should not use coercive measures against local government.
- c. The local government should be eager to co-operate with the state.
- d. The state should always coerce the erring local government units.
- e. The state should provide counsel and suggest remedial measures to the local government units

Select the correct answer from the codes given below:

a. 1 and 2 4 of 12

b. 3 and 4

c. 1 and 5

d. 3 and 5

4. Match the items in List I with those in List II and select the correct answer from the codes given below the lists

List-I	List-II
A. Drain Theory	1. CR. Das
B. Swaraj as birthright	2. Md. Mi Jinnah
C. Separate Communal Electorate	3. Tilak
D. Entry into Legislatures	4. Dadahbai Naoroji
	5. Subhash Chandra Bose

A B C D

a. 4 5 3 2

b. 3 4 1 2

c. 4 3 2 1

d. 2 5 3 4

5. ◦ **Assertion (A):** The laws of a state must be obeyed when they are designed to promote social good.

◦ **Reason (R):** The state is a useful instrument for promoting social good.

a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

b. Both A and R are true and R is not a correct explanation of A

c. A is true but R is false

d. A is false but R is true

6. ◦ **Assertion (A):** The Fascist philosophy which Mussolini adopted was borrowed from Hegelianism.

◦ **Reason (R):** Hegel had supported the theory of the influence of great men in history.

a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

b. Both A and R are true and R is not a correct explanation of A

c. A is true but R is false

d. A is false but R is true

7. ◦ **Assertion (A):** Written Constitutions are rigid.

◦ **Reason (R):** Rigid constitutions prescribe special procedure for amendment.

a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

b. Both A and R are true and R is not a correct explanation of A

c. A is true but R is false

d. A is false but R is true

8. ◦ **Assertion (A):** Bureaucracy is intolerant of changes.

- **Reason (R):** Bureaucracy is conservative and rarely learns to improve.
 - a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - b. Both A and Rare true and R is not a correct explanation of A
 - c. A is true but R is false
 - d. A is false but R is true
- 9. ◦ **Assertion (A):** The Indian Councils Act of 1861 introduced a popular element in the governance of India.
 - **Reason (R):** The Governor-General's Executive Councils, while transacting business as a Legislative Council, was to include non-official member nominated by the Chamber of Commerce and the Provincial Legislative Councils.
 - a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - b. Both A and Rare true and R is not a correct explanation of A
 - c. A is true but R is false
 - d. A is false but R is true
 - o. ◦ **Assertion (A):** The President is bound to act in accordance with the advice of the Council of Ministers.
 - **Reason (R):** The Council of Ministers cannot be required to reconsider its advice.
 - a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - b. Both A and Rare true and R is not a correct explanation of A
 - c. A is true but R is false
 - d. A is false but R is true
- 11. Who held the view that the “State is prior to the individual”
 - a. Plato
 - b. Aristotle
 - c. Locke
 - d. Rousseau
- 12. Who held that even the worst state is better than the best anarchy?
 - a. Hegel

- b. Rousseau
 - c. Locke
 - d. Hobbes
13. While bringing out the relationship between state and society, which one of the following statements is not true?
- a. In point of time society is prior to the state
 - b. Society and state differ in their functions
 - c. Society and states differ in their technique of operation
 - d. The area of the state is always coextensive with that of society
14. According to Hobbes
- a. Individuals have all natural rights in the state
 - b. Individuals have liberty and property rights in the state
 - c. Individuals after the contract right to kill
 - d. Individuals surrender no rights to create the state
15. According to Locke, the State of Nature was given up because
- a. It was a condition of war of each against all
 - b. Man was unsocial, solitary and poor
 - c. There were some inconveniences
 - d. Man was basically good but the growth of civilization corrupted him

Developed by: [Mindsprite Solutions](#)