Examrace

Competitive Exams: Psychology MCQs (Practice_Test 23 of 68)

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- 1. Assertion (A): Limbic system is a group of structures in the cardiovascular region.
 - **Reason (R)**: Limbic system is involved in the expression of motivation and emotion.
 - a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - b. Both A and R are true but R is NOT the correct explanation of A
 - c. A is true but R is false
 - d. A is false but R is true
- 2. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer:

List-I (Key phrases)

List-II (Theorists)

a. Habit strength

a. E L Thorndike

b. Trial and error

b. I P Pavlov

c. Contiguity

c. C L Hull

d. Contingencies

d. B F Skinner

- a. 3 1 2 4
- b. 1324
- c. 3 1 4 2
- d. 1342

3. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer:

List-I (Definition)

- a. Forgetting of involved events prior to the trauma
- b. Abnormality due to presence of neurofibrillary tangles in the brain
- c. Severe memory loss over the age of 65
- d. Forgetting of involved events subsequent to the trauma

List-II (Types of forgetting)

- a. Anterograde amnesia
- b. Senile dementia
- c. Alzeimer's disease
- d. Retrograde amnesia

- a. 4 3 1 2
- b. 4 3 2 1
- c. 3 4 2 1
- d. 3 4 1 2
- 4. Which of the following are the components of the Atkinson-Shiffrin model?
 - a. Short term storage
 - b. Address register
 - c. Long term storage
 - d. Sensory register

Select the correct answer using the codes given below:

- a. 2 and 3
- b. 1, 2 and 4
- c. 1, 3 and 4

- 5. Interference theory of forgetting proposes two processes through which interference produces a detrimental effect on memory. These processes are
 - a. Unlearning and response similarity
 - b. Response chaining and response competition
 - c. Response similarity and response chaining
 - d. Response competition and unlearning
- 6. Which one of the following was propounded by Waugh and Norman as a model of short term memory?
 - a. Single process model
 - b. Dual process model
 - c. Simultaneous processing model
 - d. Multifactor method
- 7. Consider the following statements: Episodic memories
 - a. are experienced as having occurred at a unique time
 - b. are remembered as series of events
 - c. are remembered as a highly veridical record of the episode, although this may not be so
 - d. require no conscious effort to retrieve and appear involuntarily which of the above statements are correct?

i. 1 and 4

ii. 1, 2 and 3

iii. 2, 3 and 4

iv. 1, 2, 3 and 4

- 8. Which one of the following is the correct sequence involved in the memory process?
 - a. Retrieval, recognition, learning and retention
 - b. Learning, retention, recognition and retrieval
 - c. Learning, retention, retrieval and recognition

- d. Recognition, learning, retention and retrieval
- 9. In the short-term memory experiment of Peterson and Peterson, recall is a
 - a. Linearly increasing function of time interval
 - b. Linearly decreasing function of time interval
 - c. Positively accelerating function of time interval
 - d. Negatively accelerating function of time interval
- 10. Who among the following is known for his work on reconstruction memory?
 - a. F C Bartlett
 - b. A Pavio
 - c. H Ebbinghaus
 - d. B J Underwood
- 11. Which one of the following provides correct description of the term 'flashbulb memories'
 - a. Vivid memory of what happens to us all of a sudden
 - b. Memories of what we are doing at the time of an emotion-provoking event
 - c. Remembering a thing of past experiences by certain current revelation
 - d. Memory occurring in the most tranquil moments of life at once
- 12. Generally, institutionalized children show a slower rate of language development compared to those growing up in normal home conditions. This is most likely because the institutionalized children have
 - a. Somewhat lower IQ scores than normal children scores
 - b. Relative deprivation of social reinforcement
 - c. Low level of cognitive development often limited to the concrete preoperational stage
 - d. Abstracting the rules of language
- 13. Consider the following statements about Noam Chomsky:
 - a. He called himself a Cartesian linguist.
 - b. He analyzed syntax.

- c. He wrote about transformational grammar.
- d. He developed an artificial language called Yerkish.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- a. 1 and 2
- b. 1 and 4
- c. 1, 2 and 3
- d. 2, 3 and 4
- 14. Prosodic cues such as stress, pitch, pause and intonation play an important role in language perception. These are called
 - a. Social factors
 - b. Semantic factors
 - c. Metalinguistic factors
 - d. Suprasegmental factors
- 15. Match List-I (Component of language) with List-II (Nature of linguistic cues) and select the correct answer:

List-I List-II

- a. Phonological
- a. Sound
- b. Semantic

b. Contextual

c. Syntactic

c. Structural

d. Pragmatic

d. Meaning

A B C D

- a. 3 4 1 2
- b. 1234
- c. 3 2 1 4
- d. 1432

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