

Examrace

Competitive Exams: Psychology MCQs (Practice_Test 55 of 68)

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1. Which one of the following diagrams correctly depicts both 'primacy effect' and 'recency effect' in free recall (x-axis serial position; y-axis recall per cent)?

- a. N/A
- b. N/A
- c. N/A
- d. N/A

2. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer

List-I (Type of memory)	List-II (Learning principle)
A. Episodic memory	1. Cognitive learning
B. Semantic memory	2. Insight learning
C. Episodic-Semantic Memory	3. Simple conditioning
D. Flashbulb memory	4. Instrumental conditioning

A B C D

- a. 3 1 2 4
- b. 1 3 4 2
- c. 3 1 4 2
- d. 1 3 2 4

3. Consider the following measures of retention

- a. Recall
- b. Relearning

- c. Reconstruction
- d. Recognition

The correct sequence in which these measures are reported in studies is

- a. 1, 4, 2, 3
 - b. 1, 4, 3, 2
 - c. 4, 1, 2, 3
 - d. 4, 1, 3, 2
4. A student takes 20 trials to learn correctly, a list of 30 words. After 3 days, he takes 15 trials to relearn correctly the same list. The percentage of saving in learning is
- a. Percent 6.67
 - b. Percent 25
 - c. Percent 66.67
 - d. Percent 75
5. As a general rule, both proactive and retroactive inhibition tend to be maximal when two
- a. Similar stimuli are involved with same response
 - b. different responses have been associated with the same stimulus
 - c. dissimilar stimuli are associated with the same response
 - d. similar responses have been associated with the same stimuli
6. Match List-I (Factors causing forgetting) with List-II (Psychologists) and select the correct answer:

List-I	List-II
A. Lack of adequate retrieval cues	1. Atkinson and Sliffrin
B. Learned material to getting the opportunity to persevere and consolidate	2. Craik and Lockhart
C. Single process of displacement of learned material	3. Muller and Pilzecker
D. Dual process of transfer for learned material from STM to LTM	4. Tulving

A B C D

- a. 4 3 2 1
- b. 3 4 1 2
- c. 4 3 1 2
- d. 3 4 2 1

7. Match List-I (Visual information represented in memory) with List-II (proponents) and select the correct answer:

List-I	List-II
A. A functional role for quasi-pictorial mental representations	1. ZW Pylyshyn
B. Cognitive operations consist in the activation and manipulation internally by means of abstract propositions; have and visual images no independent functional role	2. JR Anderson
C. Propositional representations and pictorial representations do not have distinct properties from which distinct behavioral consequences can be predicted	3. A Paivio
D. Imagery enhances recall	4. SM Kosslyn

A B C D

- a. 4 1 3 2
- b. 1 4 2 3
- c. 4 1 2 3
- d. 1 4 3 2

8. Consider the following statements: Short-term memory is characterized by

- a. decay without rehearsal.
- b. semantic interference

c. easy retrieval

Of these statements

a. 1, 2 and 3 are correct

b. 1 and 2 are correct

c. 1 and 3 are correct

d. 2 and 3 are correct

9. Which one of the following is used in the recall of stories?

a. Theme

b. Structure

c. Narrative

d. Schema

10. Which of the following processes are involved in perception?

a. Receptor process

b. Symbiotic process

c. Affective process

Select the correct answer using the codes given below:

a. 1 and 2

b. 1 and 3

c. 2 and 3

d. 1, 2 and 3

11. Which one of the following best attempts an explanation of colour vision?

a. Young-Helmholtz theory

b. Papez-Mclean theory

c. James-Lange theory

d. Yerkes-Donson Law

12. Which one of the following inferences can be drawn from the given figure?

a. Similar lines are grouped into one unit

b. Lines are in different directions

- c. Proximity of lines makes it one unit
 - d. Incomplete figures are seen as complete
13. According to Gibson, texture gradients give us the most information about
- a. contour perception
 - b. brightness perception
 - c. depth perception
 - d. from perception
14. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer:

List-I (Nature of perceptual Phenomenon)	List-II (The specific phenomenon)
A. Stimulus-of one sensory system also experienced as stimulation of another sense/other senses	1. Eidetic imagery
B. A rapid succession of still images appearing at a slightly different position at a time interval gives the impression of moving object	2. Sensory constancy
C. A clear, vivid and identical image of an object or event evoked after it has been experienced	3. Synesthesia
D. Apparent motion seen, when eye-head system is fixed on a particular stimulus and the body is in motion	4. Phiphenomenon
	5. Motion parallax

A B C D

- a. 5 2 1 4
 - b. 1 3 4 2
 - c. 3 4 1 5
 - d. 3 4 2 5
15. Which one of the following Brunswick's ratio values is found in the case of maximum perceptual constancy?

- a. 1
- b. 0.75
- c. 0.50
- d. 0.25

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