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Psychology Most Important Questions with Answers on GRE Psychology Diagnostic Pretest Part 12

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159. The book *On the Integrative Action of the Nervous System* was written by:

- (A) Lashley.
- (B) Sherrington.
- (C) Broca.
- (D) Penfield.
- (E) Pribram.

Answer: B

160. The movement of the striated muscles is controlled by the:

- (A) Central nervous system.
- (B) Sympathetic nervous system.
- (C) Parasympathetic nervous system.
- (D) Reticular activating system.
- (E) Ductless glands.

Answer: A

161. The test construct which is least essential in a test of chronic anxiety is:

- (A) Face validity.
- (B) Predictive validity.
- (C) Scorer reliability.
- (D) Test-retest reliability.
- (E) Construct validity.

Answer: A

162. The rod-in-frame test is used to measure:

- (A) Cognitive functions.
- (B) Perception.
- (C) Aphasia
- (D) Field dependency.
- (E) Organic brain disturbances.

Answer: D

163. A chemical substance which acts as a neuromuscular transmitter is:

- (A) Epinephrine.
- (B) Acetylcholine.
- (C) 1-Dopa.
- (D) Norepinephrine.
- (E) Quinine.

Answer: B

164. Von Bekesy's theory regarding pitch detection is most like the concept of:

- (A) Specific nerve energies.
- (B) Lateral inhibition.
- (C) Volley theory.
- (D) All-or-none effect.
- (E) Graded potential.

Answer: A

165. The MMPI was normed by using:

- (A) Hospital patients.
- (B) College students.
- (C) Psychologists.
- (D) Prison inmates.
- (E) A national sample of high school students.

Answer: A

166. The California F-scale used in assessing:

- (A) Response sets.
- (B) ESP.
- (C) Fraternal attitudes.
- (D) Psychotic disorders.
- (E) Fascist tendencies.

Answer: E

167. An approach to personality which does not stress the person's own history is that of:

- (A) Breuer.
- (B) Murray.
- (C) Jung.
- (D) Kretschmer.
- (E) N. Miller.

Answer: D

168. Achievement need is measured by the:

- (A) TAT.
- (B) Rorschach test.
- (C) MMPI.
- (D) Taylor MAS.
- (E) Gough CPI.

Answer: A

169. Cattell arrived at his theory of personality traits using the technique of:

- (A) Introspection.
- (B) Factor analysis.
- (C) Psychoanalysis.
- (D) Physiological assessment.
- (E) Projective tests.

Answer: B

170. Longitudinal studies of schizophrenia have generally concluded that:

- (A) It tends to be inherited.
- (B) It occurs pretty much randomly.
- (C) Girls tend to be schizophrenic to a significantly greater degree than boys.
- (D) It seems to be passed on through the father.
- (E) The incidence among monozygotic twins is quite rare.

Answer: A

171. The WISC-R test is:

- (A) An individual test for adults.
- (B) An individual test for children.
- (C) A group test for children.
- (D) A group test for adults.
- (E) An individual test for infants.

Answer: B

172. A score falling at the modal point of a group of scores is:

- (A) At the exact midpoint.
- (B) Equal to the standard deviation in a normal distribution.
- (C) The most common score.
- (D) The square root of the variance.
- (E) Equal to the mean.

Answer: C

173. A bimodal distribution indicates that:

- (A) The test was too easy.
- (B) The results are skewed positively.
- (C) The median and the mode fall at the same point.
- (D) There are probably two distinct populations.
- (E) The scores are normally distributed.

Answer: D

174. A correlation between two measures of 0.00 indicates:

- (A) The relationship is absolutely negative.
- (B) There is no relationship.
- (C) The computation was probably in error.
- (D) As one score goes up the other remains the same.
- (E) None of the above.

Answer: B

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