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## Competitive Exams: Sociology MCQs (Practice\_Test 48 of 95)

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1. Which of the following is/are not correct of pressure groups?

- a. They are political groups.
- b. They promote special interests.
- c. They contest elections.
- d. They influence the distribution of political power.

Select the correct answer by using the code given below

- a. 2 and 3
- b. 1 only
- c. 3 only
- d. 3 and 4

2. Which of the following is/are the salient functions of a pressure group in a capitalist system?

- a. Bargaining for wage
- b. To demand better work conditions
- c. To demand better employer and employee relations

Select the correct answer by using the code given below

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 and 3
- c. 1 and 3
- d. 1,2 and 3

3. Who was die author of Democracy in America which explained the essence-of American culture and values?
  - a. Alexis de Tocqueville
  - b. Albert K. Cohen
  - c. R. Clifford Shaw
  - d. Milton Gordon
4. What does the end-of-ideology theory refer to?
  - a. Loss of workers ' dependence on political ideology
  - b. Decline in workers' political participation
  - c. Workers ' disbelief in all ideologies
  - d. Workers' increasing participation in party politics and elections
5. Under which plan, a separate sub-plan was made for tribals to promote Integrated Tribal Development?
  - a. First five year plan
  - b. Third five year plan
  - c. Fourth five year plan
  - d. Fifth five year plan
6. Which Article of the Constitution of India has a provision, specifying a particular tribe as a Scheduled Tribe?
  - a. Article 342
  - b. Article 343
  - c. Article 344
  - d. Article 345
7. Which Article of the Constitution of India provides for a National Commission for scheduled castes?
  - a. Article 224
  - b. Article 324
  - c. Article 335
  - d. Article 338
8. Tebhaga movement was organised primarily for
  - a. two-third share for die share-croppers

- b. higher wages for the agricultural labourers
  - c. lower rent for the landlord
  - d. increase in wages for women labourers
9. Most of the peasant movements addressed to which problem?
- a. Land redistribution
  - b. Power struggle by underprivileged castes
  - c. Abolition of zamindari and jagirdari
  - d. All of the above
10. Appiko Movement is predominantly directed against which one of the following?
- a. Alcohol consumption
  - b. Forest degradation
  - c. Domestic violence
  - d. Engagement of bonded labour
11. Milton Singer and Mekim Marriott studied social change in India using which concept?
- a. Westernisation and modernisation
  - b. Little and great traditions
  - c. Structure and function
  - d. Industrialisation and neo-liberal economics
12. Which of the following criteria was/were formulated by the Kaka Kalelkar Commission in 1953 for identifying social and educationally backward classes?
- a. Low social position in the traditional caste hierarchy of Hindu society.
  - b. Lack of general educational advancement.
  - c. Lack of representation in government services.

Select the correct answer by using the code given below

- a. 1 only
- b. 1 and 3
- c. 2 and 3
- d. 1, 2 and 3

13. Which one of the following factors is significant in the deterministic theory of social change?
- a. Single factor
  - b. Double factor
  - c. Multiple factor
  - d. Inner factor
14. Who, among the following believes that 'ideas' may independently affect the direction of social change?
- a. K Davis
  - b. Max Weber
  - c. V Pareto
  - d. L R Burns
15. Which one of the following statements is not correct?
- a. Functionalist approach to social change, as a whole tends to see the world as a mostly stable place.
  - b. Many sociologists have criticized functionalism for its seeming inability to explain change.
  - c. Historical materialist approach to social change enjoys more of a connection conflict theory and analyses of power in both social and economic manifestations.
  - d. The historical, materialist and functionalist interpretations are mutually exculsive.